## 86 Proceedings of the Biological Society of Washington.

## A SECOND RECORD OF NYCTINOMUS DEPRESSUS FOR IOWA.

On October 21, 1914, a curious bat was captured alive in the high school building at Marshalltown, Iowa. An attempt to keep it alive was unsuccessful. The skin, however, was saved and later sent to Mr. Charles B. Cory of the Field Museum, who identified it as *Nyctinomus depressus* Ward. The only previous record for the State is the one secured by Dr. B. H. Bailey at Cedar Rapids, Iowa (Cory, Mammals of Illinois and Wisconsin, p. 477). Securing a second bat of this species is of additional interest in view of the fact that there are no other records, known to the writer, of its occurrence east of Colorado.

-Ira N. Gabrielson.

## A CHANGE OF NAME FOR AN ARIZONA MISTLETOE.

The genus Razoumofskya is widely distributed in the western United States and is represented by numerous species. Most of these seem to be confined each to some particular coniferous tree. Since the plants usually grow high up on large trees, they are often overlooked, consequently it is not surprising that new species are found occasionally. The most recently described species, parasitic upon *Pinus strobiformis* Engelm., is known only from southern Arizona. It was described as Arceuthobium blumeri A. Nels.,\* but since the generic name Arceuthobium Bieb. (1819) is antedated by Razoumofskya Hoffm. (1808), the plant should be known as Razoumofskya blumeri (A. Nels.) Standley.

-Paul C. Standley.

\* Bot. Gaz. 56 :65. 1913.